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Claim Allies ill Quickly llify Robot

Experts Confident, Call Plane a Flop; Sirens, Guns Kept Busy

While alert followed alert and ackack guns of all calibers rumbled and banged away at the Germans' pilotless flying bombs over southern England over the weekend, Allied army and air experts agreed last night that Hitler's robot plane was a flop as an important military weapon.

Officials predicted that the robot bomber would soon be mastered. They disclosed that it called for no new anti-aircraft instruments or detectors, al-though fresh dispositions have been chosen for some guns, and that tremendous bar-rages have been put up in the Channel Straits area to destroy them before they strike on land. At the same time, Allied planes have been bombing the Pas de Calais area from which they are

But the robots were great stuff for the Nazi propagandists. The German people and the hard-pressed troops in Normandy were regaled around the clock with ridiculous claims about the effects the new weapon was having in England.
The highspot of these was a German
News Agency report from Stockholm
that "the British Government has
ordered the immediate evacuation of

And conveniently overlooking the fact that the robots' maximum range is about 150 miles, the agency expressed a "hope" it said was held in Berlin "that New York will soon get a taste of the new reprisal

Some Damage, Casualties

A German "military spokesman" de-clared that "there is no possibility of shooting down the dynamite meteors," in the face of completely authenticated British announcements that they were being hit and destroyed by flak. For military reasons, no announcement was made of the number and proportion of them being brought down. Some of them, however, caused damage and casualties. The Germans gave this explanation as to why they were not being used against the Allied troops in Normandy: "At

the Allied troops in Normandy: "At present the beachhead is altogether too small. The effect of the dynamite meteors is so terrific that they cannot be used on a small front for fear of hitting our own

The robots are believed to be incapable of hitting a specific target with any degree of accuracy, although they can be aimed for a particular area. They apparently are uncontrolled, once they have been launched, and their course is affected by the wind and other factors.

The course and height probably can be set before the machine leaves its launch-(Continued on page 2)

TheWarToday

France-Americans push through to west coast of Cherbourg peninsula, isolating port and German troops on northern sector r . . . front . local fighting grows to 116 miles

Air War—Liberators pound Pas de Calais in sixth raid in three days on France's robot plane coast. . More than 1.300 B17s and B24s pit oil plants in Hamburg and old plants in Hamburg and old plants in Hamburg and old plants in corthwest Germany Ninth AF

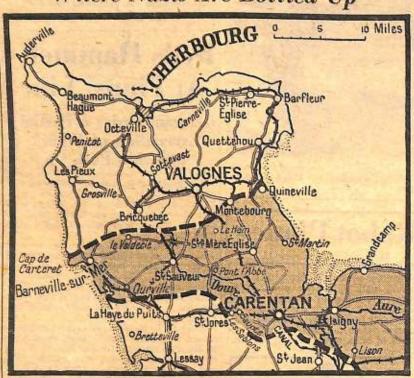
off plants in Hamburg and other targets in northwest Germany. . Ninth AF gives direct support to ground troops.

Italy—hands" after landings from Corsica Saturday. . . Germans report new leapfrog landing on Adriatic coast 60 miles north of Pessara. Fighth Arms. SHAEF Lauds miles north of Pescara. . . Eighth Army reaches outskirts of Perugia, road and

Pacific—American land forces extend beachhead on Saipan Island, 1,300 miles from Yokohama, to 54 miles long and 2 miles deep . Tokyo reports U.S. Task force bembs Bonin Islands, 550 miles from Tokyo, for second time in three days . Truk second time in three days . .

Russia Finns order non-essential Vipuri as Red Army closes within 20 miles of seaport, makes first dent in last

Where Nazis Are Bottled Up



American troops drove a cordon across the Cherbourg peninsula yesterday. A swift drive from St. Sauveur le Vicomte reached the west coast in vicinity of Barneville and St. Lo D'Ourville, fishing ports half dozen miles apart.

Piano in Battered Villa Dims War—a Moment

SOMEWHERE IN FRANCE, June 17 (delayed)—The communiques can tell only of battles, of men and material in mass, of places taken and lost. War is more than that-it is little things you remember, which will have no bearing on the red and blue lines shifting across the maps. War is quick glimpses, like scenes on an old stereopticon, that sometimes wake you in

the night and bring their own music, like an old violin, or the wind in the Nor-

There was a villa, behind the lines near all of them, by the shells and the lines near laigny. The windows were broken, almost all of them, by the shells and the bombs of the first five days, and the fighting which had left dead gray bodies, and some khaki ones, on the web of trenches near the house. The slates of the roof had been town away and days had been town as a second with the bombs of the first five days, and the fighting which had left dead gray bodies, and some khaki ones, on the web of trenches near the lower laws and the bombs of the fighting which had left dead gray bodies, and some khaki ones, on the web of trenches near the lower laws are the laws are the

stain of an old piano.

A man came out of the lines and took a detail back in a car to get rations for the rest of the Rangers dug in near a wood. He was 24; he came from Maine; he had busted out of OCS to join the Rangers. His name was Dick Barrows, and he should have been a boy, but because things had been the way they were he was a man, with tiredness in his blue eyes and even in the helt of his burly frame. They stopped at the battered Continent, dispatched more than 1,300 blue eyes and even in the heft of his B17s and B24s to bomb oil plants at burly frame. They stopped at the battered

> "Jesus," he said, "it's been a long time." He sat down to the piano, placing his rifle against the last of the keys in the bass, and his rough, cut fingers began

To Sea in West; Hold Belt Six Miles Deep Trap Closed on Germans in Vital Port; **Enemy May Make Bitter Last Stand**; Local Fighting on Other Fronts

Yanks Slice Through

By William R. Spear American infantrymen, in a swift advance, slashed through to the west coast of the Cherbourg peninsula yesterday along a corridor six to seven miles wide to seal off the great port at the tip and forge a steel collar for its German de-

Yanks of the Ninth and 82nd Airborne Divisions, fanning out west, northwess and southwest from captured St. Sauveur le Vicomte, accomplished the important breakthrough with the support of fighters and fighter-bombers and of the artillery's 75 and 105-mm. guns. The two divisions are veterans of Sicily; the Ninth also fought in Africa and the 82nd in Italy.

From Adriatic;

Elba's Fall Near

Nazis Report Assault 60

Miles Above Pescara; 8th Reaches Perugia

German radio claimed yesterday that Allied troops had stormed ashore 60 miles beyond Pescara on Italy's Adriatic

coast as Allied headquarters announced that initial Nazi resistance on the island

of Elba had been smashed and a landing operation begun Saturday was develop-

Dispatches from Allied headquarters said Elba was "substantially in Allied hands" 36 hours after the troops went

Supported by units of the Anglo-American navy and air forces, French troops under the command of Gen. de

Lettre de Tassigny yesterday were striking inland on southern Elba, after three bridgeheads secured Saturday had been joined to form a solid front. Algiers radio said they attacked from Corsica.

Capture of the historic island where

ashore.

The Americans reached the coast at Barneville-sur-Mere and St. Lo d'Our-Say Allies Land ville, fishing ports a half dozen miles apart. The capture of Barneville, on Cape de Carteret, represented a 13-mile

advance northwest from St. Sauveur.

The cross-peninsula belt thus ranged—
in distance below Cherbourg—18 miles
to Barneville and 11 miles to the Montebourg area on the east coast (bee-line
distances). And the perimeter of the
whole Normandy front was enlarged to
116 miles.

May Make Fierce Stand

May Make Fierce Stand

The German News Agency claimed that the cutting of the peninsula would not "fundamentally change the situation, since the German command has provided the fortress area of Cherbourg with sufficient troops, equipment and other weapons." This indicated that the Germans might be prepared to make a Schastopol stand for the deep-water port. High ground forming the perimeter around Cherbourg contains many rocky outcroppings which have been turned into strong defensive positions and which give the Nazis good observation over the American lines American lines.

Reports from 21st Army Group headquarters, however, were that the Germans made desperate efforts to withdraw their forces from the fast-closing trap at the 11th hour but were severely handicapped by incessant strafing from the air. There was no official indication of the strength

was no ollicial indication of the strength of the enemy forces caught in the peninsula tip, but a New York radio broadcast put them at 25,000 to 30,000.

The Nazis claimed they had destroyed the 1,830-foot-long quays and other harbor installations at Cherbourg, but the Allied experience at Naples indicated that parts cannot be destroyed so the careful. Capture of the historic island where Napoleon was exiled midway between Corsica and the east coast of Italy, virtually would close the sea route between Corsica and Italy.

The Elba attack and the unconfirmed report of new mainland landings came as the Eighth Army swept on 20 miles from captured Foligno, on highway three, to the outskirts of Perugia, important road and rail center 80 miles north of ports cannot be destroyed so thoroughly that they cannot be restored. As the Allied armies approached Naples, the Mediterranean command received almost hourly pictures of the Germans' demoli-tions, and even while the enemy still held road and rail center 80 miles north of Rome on the highway to Florence.

To the west, the Fifth Army, meeting increasing opposition, pushed steadily up the Tyrrhenian coast from Grosseto.

Meanwhile, German radio reported that on the Italian Adjains over Allied the Italian port, a special Navy board studied each picture and planned means studied each picture and planned means of repairing the destruction within a few hours after it took place. When the port finally was taken, the Allies knew exactly what work was necessary and it became usable again in very short time. The usable again in very short time, same may be done at Cherbourg.

Report St. Lo Entered The same enemy report which attempted to minimize the Cherbourg breakthrough declared that "decisions affecting the further development on the invasion fronts will not fall there but in the sector between Caen and St. Lo," and other German sources told of a new Allied

(Continuéd on page 2)

By Bud Hutton

'Robots' Coast

Battered Anew

Pas de Calais Is Hit 6th

Time in 3 Days; 1,300

Heavies Bomb Reich

By Joe Fleming

Launching the sixth Allied air attack in three days on France's robot plane coast, up to 250 Liberators yesterday afternoon pounded the Pas de Calais after a morning mission in which the Eighth Air Force, switching from operations in support of ground troops on the Continent dispatched more than 1 300

Germany. It was the largest force of U.S. heavies ever sent against strategic

The record American assault on the

Reich combined with the RAF's shatter-

ing weekend blows to press home to Germany the Allied air forces' determina-

tion to smash enemy industry as well as

peachhead communications and pilotless

No enemy fighter opposition was encountered by the bombers, but 11 were lost, presumably to flak, as the Germans,

than two to one, not one German air-

(Continued on page 2)

Aid of French

A special weekend communique from SHAEF credited the French "army of the interior" with "delaying considerably" the movement of German reserves to the

Normandy combat cone through wide-spread sabotage.

Both the size of the "forces of the in-terior" and the scope of their activities

have been increased since June 6, D-Day, the bulletin explained. The underground forces, SHAEF said,

objectives.

plane installations.

mandy trees. .

had been torn away, and dust had settled through the broken floors onto the old furniture of the salon, onto the walnut stain of an old piano.

Hamburg and other targets in northwest of room where the plano was covered with

There was "Madelon," the song of the poilus in another war. He played that, of the naval base of Ancona on the main coastal road to the north. Civitanova, most northerly of the two, is 60 miles and then "Chattanooga Choo Choo" and (Continued on page 2) north of Pescara.

Guns Make S&S Scribe Scurry As the Inspections Never Did

By Haynes Thompson

Stars and Stripes Unit Correspondent NINTH AF ADVANCE HQ, France, June 15 (delayed)-Correspondents in this sector of Normandy claimed today that Stars and Stripes Reporter Bud Hutton and Frank Scherschel, of Life magazine, had established a long-distance track record for newspapermen in the beachhead.

The mark was set by Hutton and Scherschel when they dashed out of Carentan in the wake of German mortar fire and a Nazi threat to retake the town shortly after it had fallen to American

Doug Werner, of the United Press, Dick Hottelet, of the Columbia Broad-casting System, and I were starting out in a truck for St. Mere Eglise when Hutton and Scherschel hitched a ride with us as far as Carentan. have undertaken "a large plant of sabo-tage, which includes in part the paralyzing of rail and road traffic and the interrup-tion of telegraph and jelephone communi-cations. In the majority of these cases, their objectives have been attained."

that on the Italian Adriatic coast, Allied

airborne and commando units landed

between the ports of San Giorgio and

Both lie close together a little south

On the outskirts of Carentan Hutton and Scherschel piled out. Two seconds later a Jerry shell landed about 50 yards from us. The shell obvi-ously was meant for the bridge on which

we were standing.

Werner, Hottelet and I had seen enough. We tore out fast in our GI truck, much to the scorn of our two

passengers, who preferred to stay on.

After we returned to camp that night
we found out how long Hutton and
Scherschel had "stayed on."

About 15 minutes after we left, Hutton

claimed traffic that looked like a Barnum and Bailey road show started coming out of the town. That made them a little uneasy, but when they saw jeep loads of Rangers going hell-bent for election past them to the rear they figured it was time to depart.

That's when the Hutton-Scherschel retreat began . . . on foot. Witnesses saw they did a mile in nothing flat.

Tank Losses Called Heavy

WASHINGTON, June 18 (Reuter)— Well-informed government sources said today the military high command had ordered "an extremely heavy" increase in tank production because of reports from the Normandy beachhead that expenditure of tanks was running three times the anticipated rate.

The same sources said the decision meant that U.S. plants which halted tank production some months ago must re-

Production officials said that experience in France had also shown that heavy truck production—now running about 25 per cent behind schedule—must be pushed up to schedule immediately, as trucks would be the only means of mili-tary transport in place of the shattered French railways.

continues in central and eastern areas.

in lieu of interceptors, threw up one of the greatest ack-ack barrages of the war. Although the Forts and Liberators out-numbered their escorting fighters by more

rail center on highway to Florence.

attacked again.

line of fortifications. . . Red bombers attack Norwegian port of supply for seven Nazi divisions in Finland.